

## Example Question for 3F3: Pattern Processing

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1. Consider a linear classifier of the following form:

$$\begin{aligned}P(y = 1|x, \theta, \epsilon) &= f_\epsilon(\theta x) \\P(y = 0|x, \theta, \epsilon) &= 1 - f_\epsilon(\theta x)\end{aligned}$$

where  $y \in \{0, 1\}$ ,  $x \in \mathfrak{R}$ ,  $0 \leq \epsilon \leq \frac{1}{2}$  and

$$f_\epsilon(z) = \epsilon + \frac{1 - 2\epsilon}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

- (a) Sketch the function  $f_\epsilon(z)$  for  $z$  between  $-3$  and  $3$ , showing  $\epsilon$  on the sketch. [15%]
- (b) Write down the log likelihood as a function of the model parameters  $\theta$  and  $\epsilon$  for a data set  $\mathcal{D} = \{(x_1, y_1) \dots (x_N, y_N)\}$ . [15%]
- (c) Calculate the derivatives of the log likelihood with respect to  $\epsilon$  and  $\theta$  for a data set  $\mathcal{D} = \{(-1, 0), (+1, 1)\}$ . [35 %]
- (d) Consider data in which the classes completely overlap: for example, the distribution of  $x$  for points in the  $y = 1$  class is Uniform between  $-2$  and  $2$ , and likewise, the distribution of  $x$  for points in the  $y = 0$  class is Uniform between  $-2$  and  $2$ . What values for  $\epsilon$  and  $\theta$  are appropriate in this case? [20 %]
- (e) Discuss the role of  $\epsilon$  in dealing with data points with noisy labels. [15 %]